What is claimed is:

A method of processing video data comprising:
 receiving a sequence of video frames in an interlaced format;
 detecting a 3-2 pulldown pattern; and
 removing duplicate fields from the sequence of video frames.

- 2. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

 passing instructions to a video encoder relating to the removed fields.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the instructions relate to one or more flags in an MPEG-2 encoder.
- 4. The method of claim 3 wherein the one or more flags are selected from the group consisting of: picture_structure, progressive_frame, and repeat_first_field.
- 5. The method of claim 1 further comprising: detecting a disrupted 3-2 pulldown pattern at an end of the sequence of video frames; and leaving a duplicate field that is part of the disrupted 3-2 pulldown pattern.
- 6. The method of claim 5 further comprising marking frames left with a duplicate field as non-progressive.
- 7. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of detecting a 3-2 pulldown pattern comprises:

identifying a position within a buffer where the 3-2 pulldown pattern is likely to be found; and

determining whether a pattern located at the identified position is a legitimate 3-2 pulldown pattern.

8. The method of claim 7 wherein the step of identifying a position within a buffer comprises calculation of at least one field identity and at least one frame correlation.

- 9. The method of claim 8 wherein the at least one field identity is calculated as a sum of absolute difference between two fields from different frames having a common parity.
- 10. The method of claim 8 wherein the at least one field identity is calculated as a mean squared error between two fields from different frames having a common parity.
- 11. The method of claim 8 wherein the at least one frame correlation is calculated as a sum of absolute difference between an input field and an interpolated field of another input field having a different parity.
- 12. The method of claim 8 wherein the at least one frame correlation is calculated as a sum of squared error between an input field and an interpolated field of another input field having a different parity.
- 13. The method of claim 7 wherein the step of identifying a position within a buffer comprises calculation of one or more parameters selected from the group consisting of: first field identity, second field identity, self frame correlation, cross frame correlation, inverse cross frame correlation, and new scene score.
- 14. The method of claim 8 wherein the step of identifying a position within a buffer further comprises computing a plurality of metrics from the at least one field identity and at least one frame correlation.

- 15. The method of claim 14 wherein at least one of the plurality of metrics are selected from the group consisting of: first field identity ratio, second field identity ratio, left triangle score, right triangle score, cross frame correlation score, and double triangle score.
- 16. The method of claim 7 wherein the step of determining whether a pattern located at the identified position is a legitimate 3-2 pulldown pattern further comprises computing at least one metric selected from the group consisting of: frame correlation change, frame correlation ratio, cross frame correlation ratio, inverse cross frame correlation ratio, first field identity ratio 2, and second field identity ratio 2.
- 17. The method of claim 16 wherein the step of determining whether a pattern located at the identified position is a legitimate 3-2 pulldown pattern comprises analyzing the at least one metric and at least one additional parameter selected from the group consisting of: first field identity ratio and second field identity ratio of a second subsequent frame.
- 18. A computer readable medium having embodied thereon a program executable by a machine, the program being operable to perform a sequence of operations on video data, the sequence of operations comprising:

receiving a sequence of video frames in an interlaced format; detecting a 3-2 pulldown pattern; and removing duplicate fields from the sequence of video frames.

19. The computer readable medium of claim 18 wherein the sequence of operations further comprises:

passing instructions to a video encoder relating to the removed fields.

20. The computer readable medium of claim 18 wherein the sequence of operations further comprises:

detecting a disrupted 3-2 pulldown pattern at an end of the sequence of video frames; and

leaving a duplicate field that is part of the disrupted 3-2 pulldown pattern.

21. The computer readable medium of claim 18 wherein the operation of detecting a 3-2 pulldown pattern comprises:

identifying a position within a buffer where the 3-2 pulldown pattern is likely to be found; and

determining whether a pattern located at the identified position is a legitimate 3-2 pulldown pattern.

22. A method of processing video data comprising:

receiving a sequence of video frames in an interlaced format and storing the sequence of video frames in a buffer having a plurality of positions, each position in the buffer corresponding to a video frame;

identifying the position within the buffer where the 3-2 pulldown pattern is likely to be found;

determining whether a pattern located at the identified position is a legitimate 3-2 pulldown pattern; and

removing duplicate fields from the sequence of video frames.

23. The method of claim 22 further comprising:

passing instructions to a video encoder relating to the removed fields.

24. The method of claim 22 further comprising:

detecting a disrupted 3-2 pulldown pattern at an end of the sequence of video frames; and

leaving a duplicate field that is part of the disrupted 3-2 pulldown pattern.